



Applying Van Dijk Model in Analyzing President Joe Biden's speech on Russia's Attack on Ukraine

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ABSTRACT

This article presents a critical discourse analysis of a speech which was delivered by The United States of America President Joe Biden on 24 Feb. 2022. Biden's speech was against President Putin and his country Russia because of the war in Ukraine. Such a speech against Russia will motivate many countries to be in alignment with Ukraine, supporting it. And these countries will join the war and start to support Ukraine till they defeat Russia. This study adopts Van Dijk's Model of discourse analysis. Hence, the study aims to show how Biden ideologically invested discursive strategies in the positive discourse of US (the USA, the Western countries and other allies). and the negative discourse of THEM (Putin, Russia, and their allies) Based on data analysis, the study found out that Biden ideologically invested the discourse strategies in almost all of his speech for political interests.

Van Dijk's CDA was selected as a theoretical framework in this study as it draws knowledge from several fields, including sociology, psychology, politics and economics, which contribute to deepening the insights of this study.

Keywords: Van Dyke, speech, Biden, Russia, Ukraine

تطبيق نموذج فان دايك في تحليل خطاب الرئيس جو بايدن حول الهجوم الروسي على أوكرانيا

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ملخص البحث:

يقدم هذا المقال تحليلاً نقدياً لخطاب ألقاه رئيس الولايات المتحدة الأمريكية جو بايدن بتاريخ 24 فبراير 2022. وكان خطاب بايدن ضد الرئيس بوتين وبلاده روسيا بسبب الحرب في أوكرانيا. إن مثل هذا الخطاب ضد روسيا سيحفز العديد من الدول على التحالف مع أوكرانيا ودعمها. وستنضم هذه الدول إلى الحرب وتبدأ في دعم أوكرانيا حتى تهزم روسيا. وتتبنى هذه الدراسة نموذج فان دايك في تحليل الخطاب. ومن هنا تهدف الدراسة إلى إظهار كيف استثمر بايدن إيديولوجياً الاستراتيجيات الخطابية في الخطاب الإيجابي للولايات المتحدة (الولايات المتحدة والدول الغربية وغيرها من الحلفاء). والخطاب السلبي لهم (بوتين وروسيا وحلفائهم). وبناء على تحليل البيانات، توصلت الدراسة إلى أن بايدن استثمر إيديولوجياً استراتيجيات الخطاب في كل خطاباته تقريباً لمصالح سياسية. وقد تم اختيار تحليل التحليل النقدي لفان دايك كإطار نظري في هذه الدراسة لأنه يستمد المعرفة من عدة مجالات، بما في ذلك علم الاجتماع وعلم النفس والسياسة والاقتصاد، مما يساهم في تعميق رؤى هذه الدراسة.

الكلمات المفتاحية / فان دايك ، الخطاب ، بايدن ، روسيا ، أوكرانيا .

Introduction:

US President Joe Biden arrived to speak about the Russian invasion of Ukraine in the East Room of the White House, on Thursday, February 24, 2022, in Washington, DC. The full text of US President Joe Biden's speech at the White House on February 24, 2022, after Russia launched an invasion of Ukraine.

Critical Discourse Analysis (CDA) is a component of critical studies in the humanities as well as social sciences, such as political science, law, psychology, sociology, and research on mass media and mass communication. Typically, successful study-related societal issues including sexism, racism, colonialism, and other types of social inequality are discussed. The underlying ideologies that contribute to the fight against inequality are the subject of much CDA research. Moreover, it emphasizes the connections and relationships between the discourse and society, including (Politics, culture, economic, etc). When studying how discourse affects society specifically, CDA pays close attention to how members of social groupings oppose power dynamics through conversation and written communication.

Critical Discourse Analysis is a type of discourse analysis research that, according to Van Dijk (2004), focuses mainly on how social power abuse, dominance, and inequality are enacted, reproduced, and resisted via text and speaking in social and political situations. According to Van Dijk (2003), CDA is a type of discourse analysis research that mainly investigates how text and speech in the social and political context act out, reproduce, and resist social power abuse, dominance and inequality.

Objectives of the Study

This study is an attempt to analyze the speech through applying Van Dijk Model; and pays close attention to personal pronoun usage through the application of critical discourse analysis as it is one of the strategies used by most politicians to attract public attention. In addition, some vocabularies that Biden intended to use in his speech support Ukraine against Russia.

Research Questions

This research paper seeks to answer the following questions:

1. What are the implicit meanings that can be analyzed in every personal pronoun and frequently used vocabularies of the Biden's speech?
2. How societal power relations are established and reinforced through language use in this speech?

Literature Review

Van Dijk (1991: p. 198) is the first one who addresses prejudice and racism in discourse and the author of several books on

news analysis. In his book *Racism and Press*, he points out that “implications, suggestions, presuppositions and other implicit, indirect or vague means of expressing underlying meaning or opinions may be used to persuade readers to the point of view of the newspaper”.

As van Dijk (2006) points out ideologies are expressed, reproduced, acquired and confirmed through social practices, the most important of which are language and discourse. It is through written and spoken language in fact that members of a social group share ideologically based opinions (van Dijk, 2000). Discourse is therefore not always ideologically transparent. According to the context, the system of beliefs behind a certain language use might be explicit, such as the case with political propaganda, or not recognizable at first glance, as in news reports. It is in analyzing the discourse structures, strategies, and context, hence in critically investigating the words used in a text, and the sociocultural and discourse practices surrounding that text, that potential hidden 13 ideologies rise to the surface.

According to Van Dijk (2003), CDA is a type of discourse analytical research that primarily studies the way social power dominance abuse and inequality are enacted, reproduced, and resisted by text and talk in the social and political context.

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According to Van Dijk, studying a discourse requires more than just looking at the text; we must also consider how a text is generated. Discourse, according to Van Dijk, has three dimensions: text, social cognition, and social context. The structure of the text being studied, as well as the tactics utilized to represent the desired

theme, is at the level of the text being studied. Individual texts are studied in social cognition. The social context examines the discourse framework that emerges in society. The text is divided into three levels by Van Dijk. First, there's the macro structure: a text's overall or broad meaning, which may be seen by looking at the topic or theme presented in a news story. Second, the superstructure refers to the structure of discourse in relation to a text's framework, or how the text's pieces are organized into the complete news. The micro structure, on the other hand, is a discourse that may be discerned from a little portion of a text, such as words, sentences, propositions, clauses, and images.

Fairclough and Wodak (1997: 271–80) summarize the main tenets of CDA as follows:

1. CDA addresses social problems
2. Power relations are discursive
3. Discourse constitutes society and culture
4. Discourse does ideological work
5. Discourse is historical
6. The link between text and society is mediated
7. Discourse analysis is interpretative and explanatory
8. Discourse is a form of social action

The job of critical discourse analysts is to extract hidden ideologies from texts and make them clear to people (Fowler, 1991; Fairclough, 1993; Batstone, 1995). According to Trask (2007), CDA is concerned about answering questions such as why was this text constructed at all? To what people or societies is it addressed? and why? Does the writer or speaker have concealed purposes? What hidden assumptions and biases underlie the text? Joseph (2006) illustrates that politicians and media owners use propaganda, deception, and manipulation in their speeches to achieve political goals and interests on one hand, and to diminish the value or reputation of their opponents on the other.

Wilson (1990) believes that language of politicians not only conveys the message to the public but also it is not free from manipulation, deception, and persuasion.

Luke (1974) points out that Y uses power over Z by forcing Z to do what he/she wants him to do. But Y also uses other forms of power to control Z thoughts and desires such as manipulation,

brainwashing, deception, and propaganda. Politicians and media owners know that such forms of power and control can only be achieved through the skillful use of language.

Research Methodology

This study applies critical discourse analysis approach in processing the data. It refers to the main objective of critical study which studies the way social power dominance abuse, and inequality are enacted, reproduced, and resisted by text and talk in the social and political context in the political speech of Biden.

Data

Biden's speech on the "Russia's Unprovoked and Unjustified Attack on Ukraine" which had been spread in online media. The data was one complete speech which was taken from the official website of the White House, the title was also copied and passed as it is. <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/speeches-remarks/2022/02/24/remarks-by-president-biden-on-russias-unprovoked-and-unjustified-attack-on-ukraine/>

Descriptive Analysis

Actor Description:

Term	Explanation
Lexicalization	brutal assault, premeditated attack, needless conflict. naked aggression.
Polarization	United States and our Allies. Russia
Victimization	The Russian military has begun a brutal assault on the people of Ukraine without provocation, without justification, without necessity. Within moments — moments, missile strikes began to fall on historic cities across Ukraine.
Self-Identity	We are actively working with countries around the world. Putin's actions betray his sinister vision for the future of our world — one where nations take what they want by force.
Categorization	The United States and our Allies and partners, G7 leaders, NATO. Twenty-seven members of the European Union, The rest of the World. Russia.
Norms and Values	vision that the United States and freedom-loving. Freedom will prevail. We stand up for freedom. global peace. Liberty, democracy, human dignity — these are the forces far more powerful than fear and oppression. Ukrainian people as they defend their country. America stands up to bullies. We stand up for freedom. This is who we are. Sorry to keep you waiting. Good afternoon.
Resource	Putin's aggression against Ukraine will end up costing Russia

description dearly — economically and strategically. we have been working closely with our private — with the private sector. We stopped the Russian government from raising money from U.S. or European investors.

President Biden was very clear in his speech, he is against the this war, and he described it by brutal assault, premeditated attack, needless conflict. naked aggression. And this was form the very beginning sentences of his speech. He put the United Sates Ukraine NATO, and The European Union in one side, and Russia in the other one. He describes Ukraine and its people as a victim of the Russian invasion. He depicted the United States and its allies as good and Russia as evil or bad one. Biden talked about the norms and values of the Democratic world and how it will be affected and defeat this war. He also explained how this war will affect the Russian economy by the sanctions.

Discourse Analysis

Micro Analysis:

Lexicon

The Theme of the speech was about the attack on Ukraine and how to prevent is by unity and Sanctions.

Words	Number mentioned	Words	Number mentioned
Russia/ Russian	28	Economic	6
America/American/US	16	Cyperattack	4
Ukraine/Ukrainian	21	Sanctions	2
NATO	16	War	3
Allies	8		
Military/troops/forces	12		

The President Biden devoted his speech entirely to the war in Ukraine, he repeated the words Russia/Russian "28" and it was the core of the speech, he put all the blame on The President Putin. Biden repeated the word "America/American/US" 16 times as it is the main supporter to Ukraine which he repeated "21" times. He repeated the word "NATO" 16" and Allies "8" as the main supporters for the USA in its support for Ukraine. He mentioned the words Military/Troops/Forces "12" times, and these words were divided between his country and its allies' troops and the Russian ones. While the word Kremlin was repeated "3" to put all the blame on. He warned

the Russian and their Cyberattacks"4" by the sanctions"2" through economy "6".

Syntax

Pronouns	Times Repeated
We	44
our	32
I	15
Their	7
He	4
It	4
his	4
You	3

President Biden used very clear and simple sentences, he was talking the whole world through this speech, when he used the pronoun we the most "44" times referring clearly to the USA and its allies. The pronoun Our as well. In order to speak simple and clear sentences he used the pronoun "I" 15 times. He mentioned the pronoun "Their" 7 times to refer to the Russians. The pronoun "It" was used mainly to refer to the sanctions and actions. Biden used the pronouns "He" and "his" to refer to the President Putin. And "You" for the addressee.

The application of personal pronouns is closely related to identity and ideology. They represent either collectivity or individuality (Fairclough, 2003). Moreover, they are frequently adopted when referring to a certain persons or the others even have been misused to split a coalition either inside or outside of a certain group (Van Dijk, 2002). Interpretation and options are generally mediated by several personal and social factors, including formality and informality, status, power access, social rank, and race. In terms of the personal pronoun usage, Van Dijk (ibid) argued that the personal pronouns we and our, can be adopted either inclusively or exclusively. They are inclusively adopted as a strategy to say solidarity. Meanwhile, they are exclusively used to share responsibility, so that any decided and agreed upon actions and policies are not merely imposed on an individual. On the other hand, the personal pronouns are often exploited by politicians as a strategy to gain support and develop trust.

devices in order to convince the audience and build a public opinion and main steam, against this war.

Macro- Analysis

Power:

- "Today, I'm authorizing additional strong sanctions and new limitations on what can be exported to Russia".

- "The United States is not doing this alone. We're going to impose major — and we're going to impair their ability to compete in a high-tech 21st century economy".

- "As promised, we're also adding names to the list of Russian elites and their family members that are sanctioning — that we're sanctioning as well".

President Biden was very clear in using his power and his country behind him, as well as his allies, he promised to use all what he has from the power to prevent and defeat this attack on Ukraine. He mentioned some steps that he will perform, such as the economic and financial sanctions. And some steps that he didn't mention, just by saying that we are prepared for it.

Dominance:

- "We will limit Russia's ability to do business in Dollars, Euros, Pounds, and Yen. As we respond, my administration is using the tools — every tool at our disposal".

- "We have purposefully designed these sanctions to maximize the long-term impact on Russia and to minimize the impact on the United States and our Allies".

- "Let me also repeat the warning I made last week: If Russia pursues cyberattacks against our companies, our critical infrastructure, we are prepared to respond".

- "Our NATO Allies and support the greatest military Alliance in the history of the world — NATO".

The United States is the most powerful and dominant in the world in addition to that, they have the most European countries and the NATO supporting them in this campaign. So as a result of this, the speech of Biden was full of clear indications of dominance. In order to prevent the president Putin of continuing this war. In his speech, Biden tended to use the pronoun "We" in order to show power and dominance.

Inequality:

- "The Russian military has begun a brutal assault on the people of Ukraine without provocation, without justification".

- "Our NATO Allies and support the greatest military Alliance in the history of the world — NATO".

The President Biden started by showing that there is no equality between the Russian army and the Ukrainian one, and he mentioned the Ukrainian people, as if the war is between the Russian Army and the Ukrainian people with no mention to the Ukrainian Army at first. In order draw the picture that this war is not fair.

And then, during his speech Biden wanted to show Russia that Ukraine is not alone, and here he draws unequal picture between Russia from one side, and the United States and its allies form the other side, that is they much stronger than Russia, he wanted to show this inequality in order to stop the war.

Conclusion

In the use of pronouns and some specific vocabularies in his speech about the Russian invasion to Ukraine, Biden used the two pronouns "we" and "our" the most, in order to show the power and unity. He was developing a sense of togetherness in order to get more and more support for the issue of this war.

The personal pronoun "I" was used by Biden for statements in the form of personal views and heavy issues which need full responsibility and self-confidence. Biden also uses the pronoun "he" to refer back to the President Putin, to draw a picture that Putin is alone on the other side of "us". Biden made his speech very clear and direct that he is against this war from the first day, this was understood from some words and phrases that he used in this speech. For instance, premeditated attack, Brutal assault, needless conflict.

Also, he wanted to be clear that he is not alone in this way by saying; our Allies and partners, to protect our NATO Allies, we've been building a coalition of partners.

Biden showed himself the defender of the Democratic World; for the freedom around the world, This is a dangerous moment for all of Europe, freedom-loving nations.

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East Room

1:43 P.M. EST

THE PRESIDENT: "Sorry to keep you waiting. Good afternoon. The Russian military has begun a brutal assault on the people of Ukraine without provocation, without justification, without necessity.

This is a premeditated attack. Vladimir Putin has been planning this for months, as I've been — as we've been saying all along. He moved more than 175,000 troops, military equipment into positions along the Ukrainian border.

He moved blood supplies into position and built a field hospital, which tells you all you need to know about his intentions all along.

He rejected every good-faith effort the United States and our Allies and partners made to address our mutual security concerns through dialogue to avoid needless conflict and avert human suffering.

For weeks — for weeks, we have been warning that this would happen. And now it's unfolding largely as we predicted.

In the past week, we've seen shelling increase in the Donbas, the region in eastern Ukraine controlled by Russian-backed separatists.

Rus- — the Russian government has perpetrated cyberattacks against Ukraine.

We saw a staged political theater in Moscow — outlandish and baseless claims that Ukraine was — Ukraine was about to invade and launch a war against Russia, that Ukraine was prepared to use chemical weapons, that Ukraine committed a genocide — without any evidence.

We saw a flagrant violation of international law in attempting to unilaterally create two new so-called republics on sovereign Ukrainian territory.

And at the very moment that the United Nations Security Council was meeting to stand up for Ukraine's sovereignty to stave off invasion, Putin declared his war.

Within moments — moments, missile strikes began to fall on historic cities across Ukraine.

Then came in the air raids, followed by tanks and troops rolling in.

We've been transparent with the world. We've shared declassified evidence about Russia's plans and cyberattacks and false pretexts so that there can be no confusion or cover-up about what Putin was doing.

Putin is the aggressor. Putin chose this war. And now he and his country will bear the consequences.

Today, I'm authorizing additional strong sanctions and new limitations on what can be exported to Russia.

This is going to impose severe costs on the Russian economy, both immediately and over time.

We have purposefully designed these sanctions to maximize the long-term impact on Russia and to minimize the impact on the United States and our Allies.

And I want to be clear: The United States is not doing this alone. For months, we've been building a coalition of partners representing well more than half of the global economy.

Twenty-seven members of the European Union, including France, Germany, Italy — as well as the United Kingdom, Canada, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, and many others — to amplify the joint impact of our response.

I just spoke with the G7 leaders this morning, and we are in full and total agreement. We will limit Russia's ability to do business in Dollars, Euros, Pounds, and Yen to be part of the global economy. We will limit their ability to do that. We are going to stunt the ability to finance and grow Rus- — the Russian military.

We're going to impose major — and we're going to impair their ability to compete in a high-tech 21st century economy.

We've already seen the impact of our actions on Russia's currency, the Ruble, which early today hit its weakest level ever — ever in history. And the Russian stock market plunged today. The Russian government's borrowing rate spiked by over 15 percent.

In today's actions, we have now sanctioned Russian banks that together hold around \$1 trillion in assets.

We've cut off Russia's largest bank — a bank that holds more than one third of Russia's banking assets by itself — cut it off from the U.S. financial system.

And today, we're also blocking four more major banks. That means every asset they have in America will be frozen. This includes V.T.B., the second-largest bank in Russia, which has \$250 billion in assets.

As promised, we're also adding names to the list of Russian elites and their family members that are sanctioning — that we're sanctioning as well.

As I said on Tuesday, these are people who personally gain from the Kremlin's policies and they should share in the pain. We will keep up this drumbeat of those designations against corrupt billionaires in the days ahead.

On Tuesday, we stopped the Russian government from raising money from U.S. or European investors.

Now, we're going to apply the same restrictions to Russia's largest state-owned enterprises — companies with assets that exceed \$1.4 trillion.

Some of the most powerful impacts of our actions will come over time as we squeeze Russia's access to finance and technology for strategic sectors of its economy and degrade its industrial capacity for years to come.

Between our actions and those of our Allies and partners, we estimate that we'll cut off more than half of Russia's high-tech imports.

It will strike a blow to their ability to continue to modernize their military. It'll degrade their aerospace industry, including their space program. It will hurt their ability to build ships, reducing their ability to compete economically. And it will be a major hit to Putin's long-term strategic ambitions.

And we're preparing to do more. In addition to the economic penalties we're imposing, we're also taking steps to defend our NATO Allies, particularly in the east.

Tomorrow, NATO will convene a summit — we'll be there — to bring together the leaders of 30 Allied nations and close partners to affirm our solidarity and to map out the next steps we will take to further strengthen all aspects of our NATO Alliance.

Although we provided over \$650 million in defensive assistance to Ukraine just this year — this last year, let me say it again: Our forces are not and will not be engaged in the conflict with Russia in Ukraine. Our forces are not going to Europe to fight in Ukraine but to defend our NATO Allies and reassure those Allies in the east.

As I made crystal clear, the United States will defend every inch of NATO territory with the full force of American power. And the good news is: NATO is more united and more determined than ever.

There is no doubt — no doubt that the United States and every NATO Ally will meet our Article 5 commitments, which says that an attack on one is an attack on all.

Over the past few weeks, I ordered thousands of additional forces to Germany and Poland as part of our commitment to NATO.

On Tuesday, in response to Russia's aggressive action, including its troop presence in Belarus and the Black Sea, I've authorized the deployment of ground and air forces already stationed in Europe to NATO's eastern flank Allies: Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, and Romania.

Our Allies have also been stepping up, adding — the other Allies, the rest of NATO — adding their own forces and capabilities to ensure our collective defense.

And today, within hours of Russia's unleashing its assault, NATO came together and authorized and activated — an activation of response plans.

This will enable NATO's high-readiness forces to deploy and — when and where they're needed to protect our NATO Allies on the eastern boundaries of Europe.

And now I'm authorizing additional U.S. forces and capabilities to deploy to Germany as part of NATO's response, including some of U.S.-based forces that the Department of Defense placed on standby weeks ago.

I've also spoken with Defense Secretary Austin and Chairman of the Joint Chiefs, General Milley, about preparations for additional moves should they become necessary to protect our NATO Allies and support the greatest military Alliance in the history of the world — NATO.

As we respond, my administration is using the tools — every tool at our disposal to protect American families and businesses from rising prices at the gas pump.

You know, we're taking active steps to bring down the costs. And American oil and gas companies should not — should not exploit this moment to hike their prices to raise profits.

You know, in our sanctions package, we specifically designed to allow energy payments to continue.

We are closely monitoring energy supplies for any disruption. We have been coordinating with major oil producing and consuming countries toward our common interest to secure global energy supplies.

We are actively working with countries around the world to elevate [evaluate] a collective release from the Strategic Petroleum Reserves of major energy-consuming countries. And the United States will release additional barrels of oil as conditions warrant.

I know this is hard and that Americans are already hurting. I will do everything in my power to limit the pain the American people are feeling at the gas pump. This is critical to me.

But this aggression cannot go unanswered. If it did, the consequences for America would be much worse. America stands up to bullies. We stand up for freedom. This is who we are.

Let me also repeat the warning I made last week: If Russia pursues cyberattacks against our companies, our critical infrastructure, we are prepared to respond.

For months, we have been working closely with our private — with the private sector to harden their cyber defenses, sharpen our ability to respond to Russian cyberattacks as well.

I spoke late last night to President Zelensky of Ukraine and I assured him that the United States, together with our Allies and partners in Europe, will support the Ukrainian people as they defend their country. We'll provide humanitarian relief to ease their suffering.

And in the early days of this conflict, Russian propaganda outlets will keep trying to hide the truth and claim success for its military operation against a made-up threat.

But history has shown time and again how swift gains in territory eventually give way to grinding occupations, acts of mass civil — mass civil disobedience, and strategic dead-ends.

The next few weeks and months will be hard on the people of Ukraine. Putin has unleashed a great pain on them. But the Ukrainian people have known 30 years of independence, and they have repeatedly shown that they will not tolerate anyone who tries to take their country backwards.

This is a dangerous moment for all of Europe, for the freedom around the world. Putin has a — has committed an assault on the very principles that uphold global peace.

But now the entire world sees clearly what Putin and his Kremlin — and his Kremlin allies are really all about. This was never about genuine security concerns on their part. It was always about naked aggression, about Putin's desire for empire by any means necessary —

